

Value of Oriented Perforating in Unconventional Wells- A Case Study

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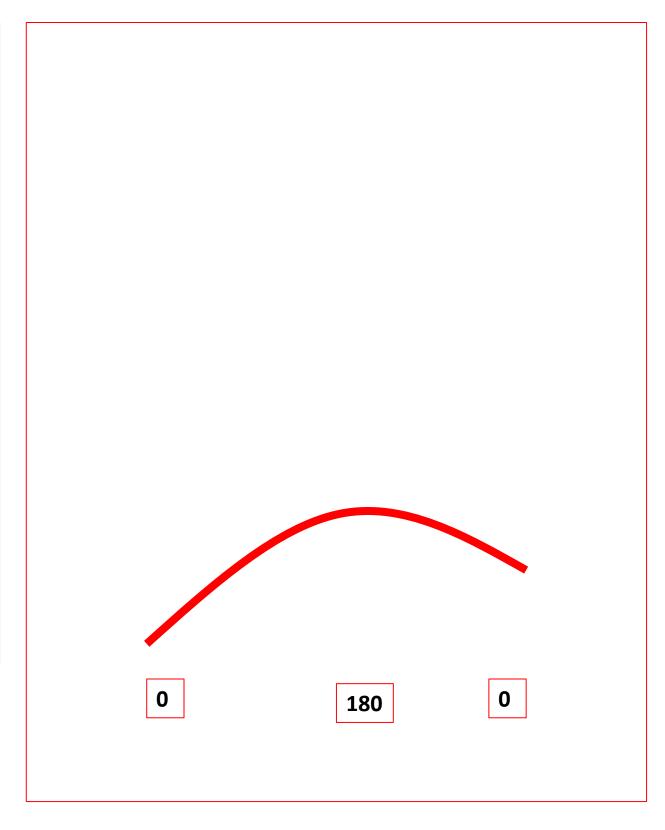
Agenda

- What started all this within ConocoPhillips L48 ?
- Unconventional Case Study background
- Data Analysis/Observations

2019



- Plan was to test extreme limited entry in certain stages and verify with camera (10 clusters/stage @ 4-5 spf, 60 degree phasing, 0.33" EHD)
- Observation of uneven erosion
- Low side EHD >> High Side



Stage 23, Cluster 10

Example acquired and measured image



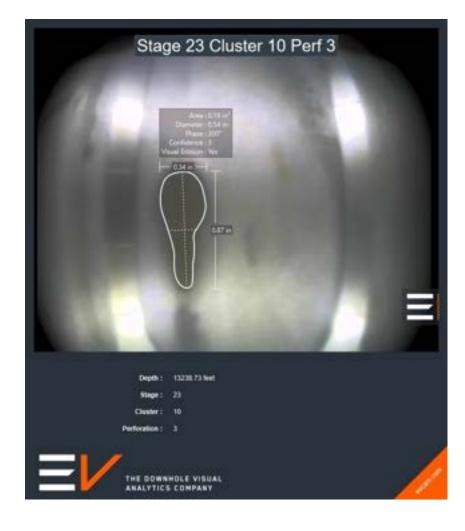














Example acquired and measured image

Stage 23, Cluster 1

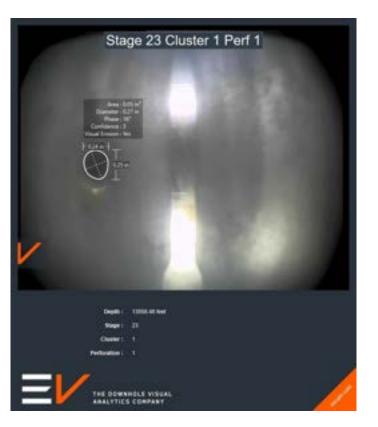


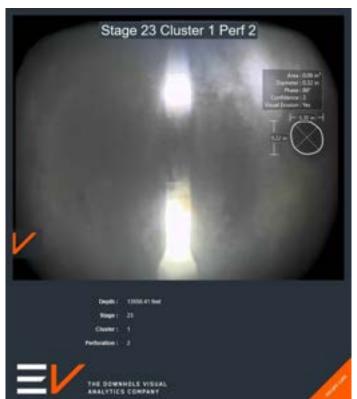












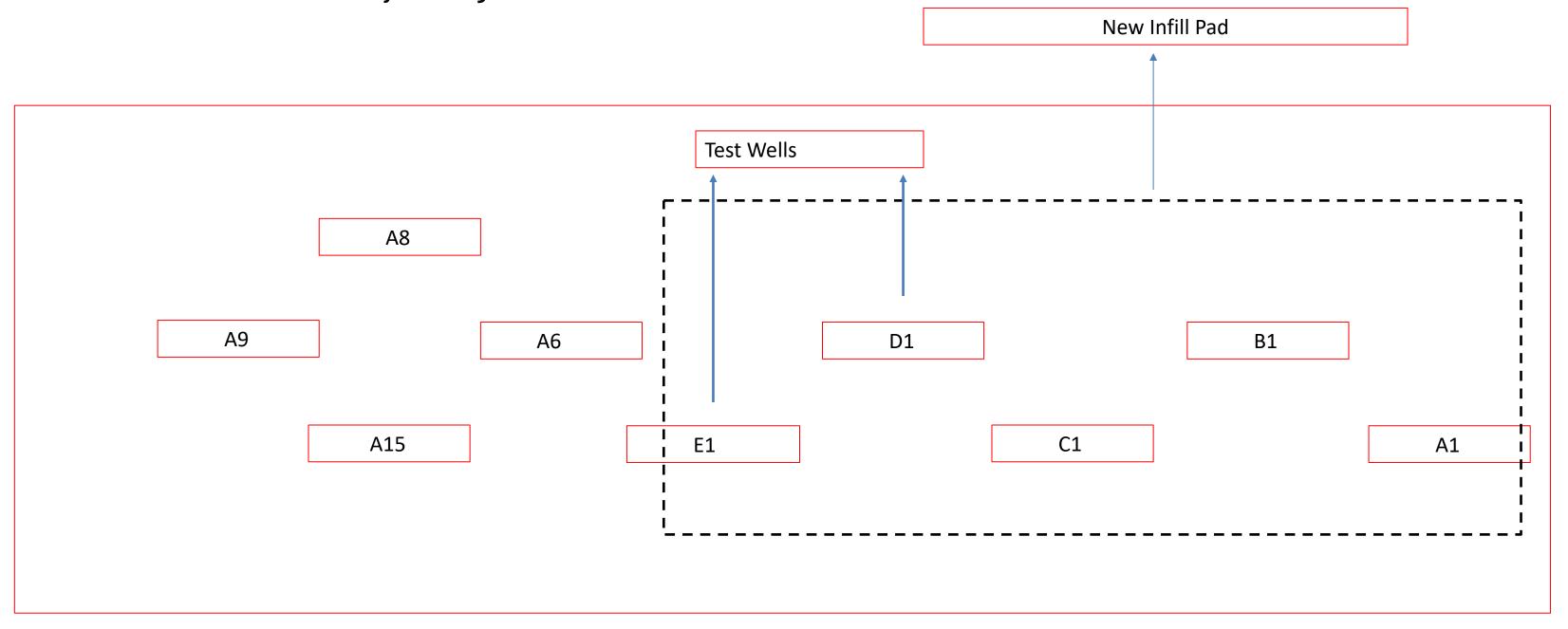






2023

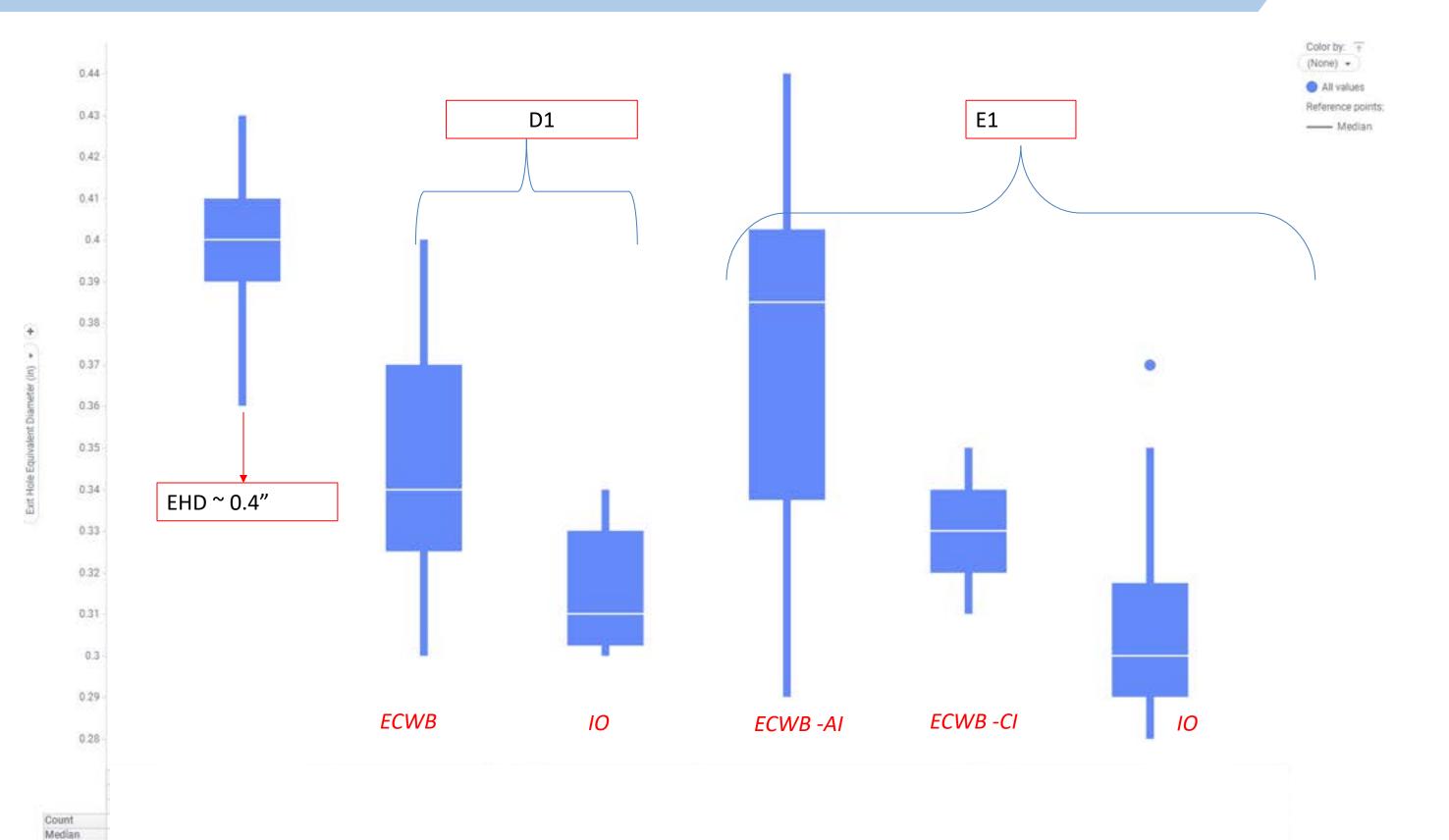
- Industry now looking at internal orienting options
- Unconventional Case Study background



Infill Pad

- Historically COP focused on eccentric weight bar (ECWB) oriented to high side
- Infill wells provided an opportunity to test ECWB vs. Internal Orientation
- Subject wells D1 & E1 chosen to test orientation (10k ft laterals)
 - Toe half Standard ECWB guns
 - Heel half -Internal Orientated guns
 - Infill wells perforation design
 - D1/E1 10 clusters x 2 spf (0.42")
 - A1/B1/C1 All 3 wells had standard ECWB orientation
 - 10 clusters x 3 spf (0.42")

Base hole variance

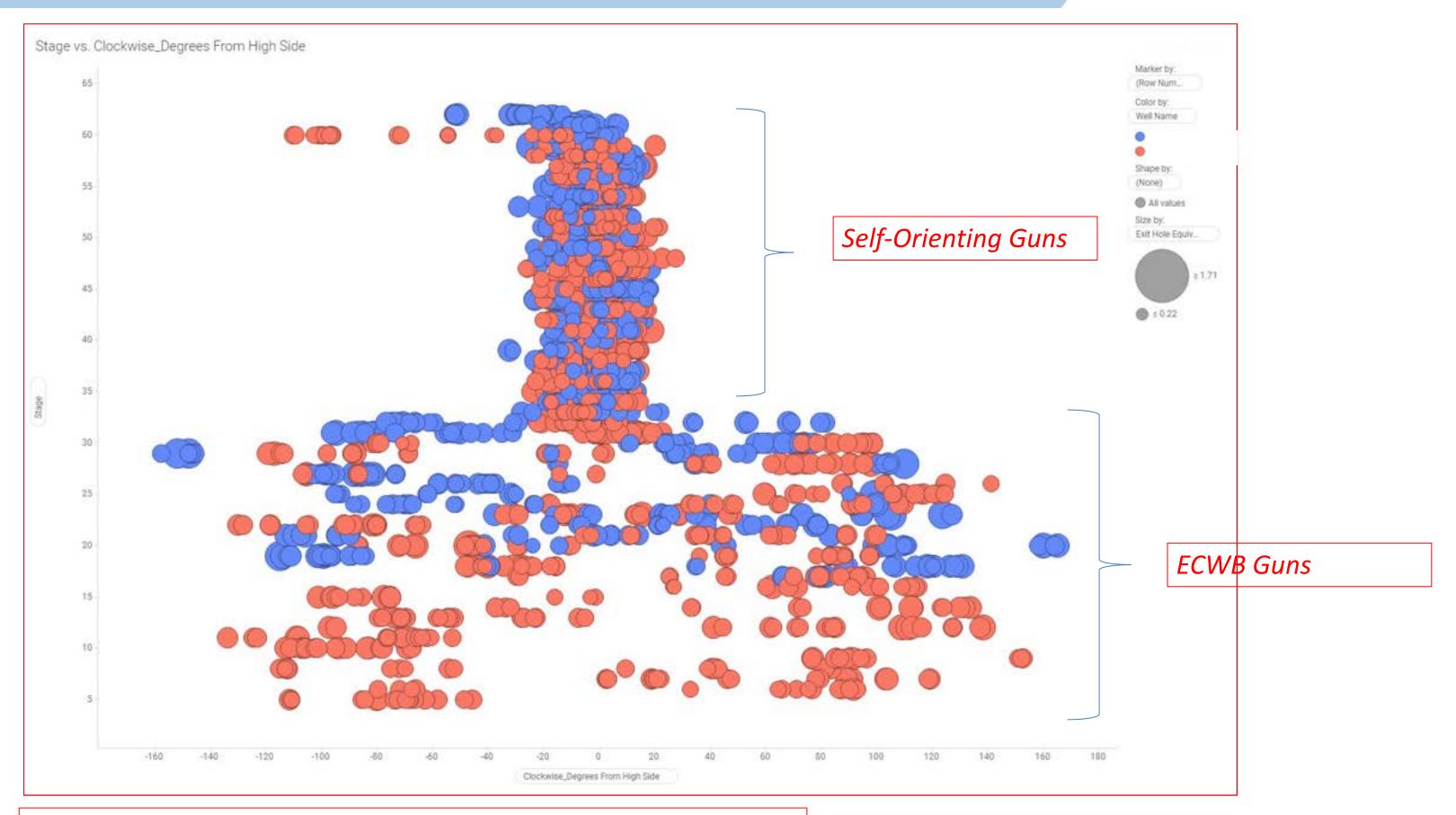


Surface QC EHD ~0.4 "

Acoustic Imaging downhole ~0.31"

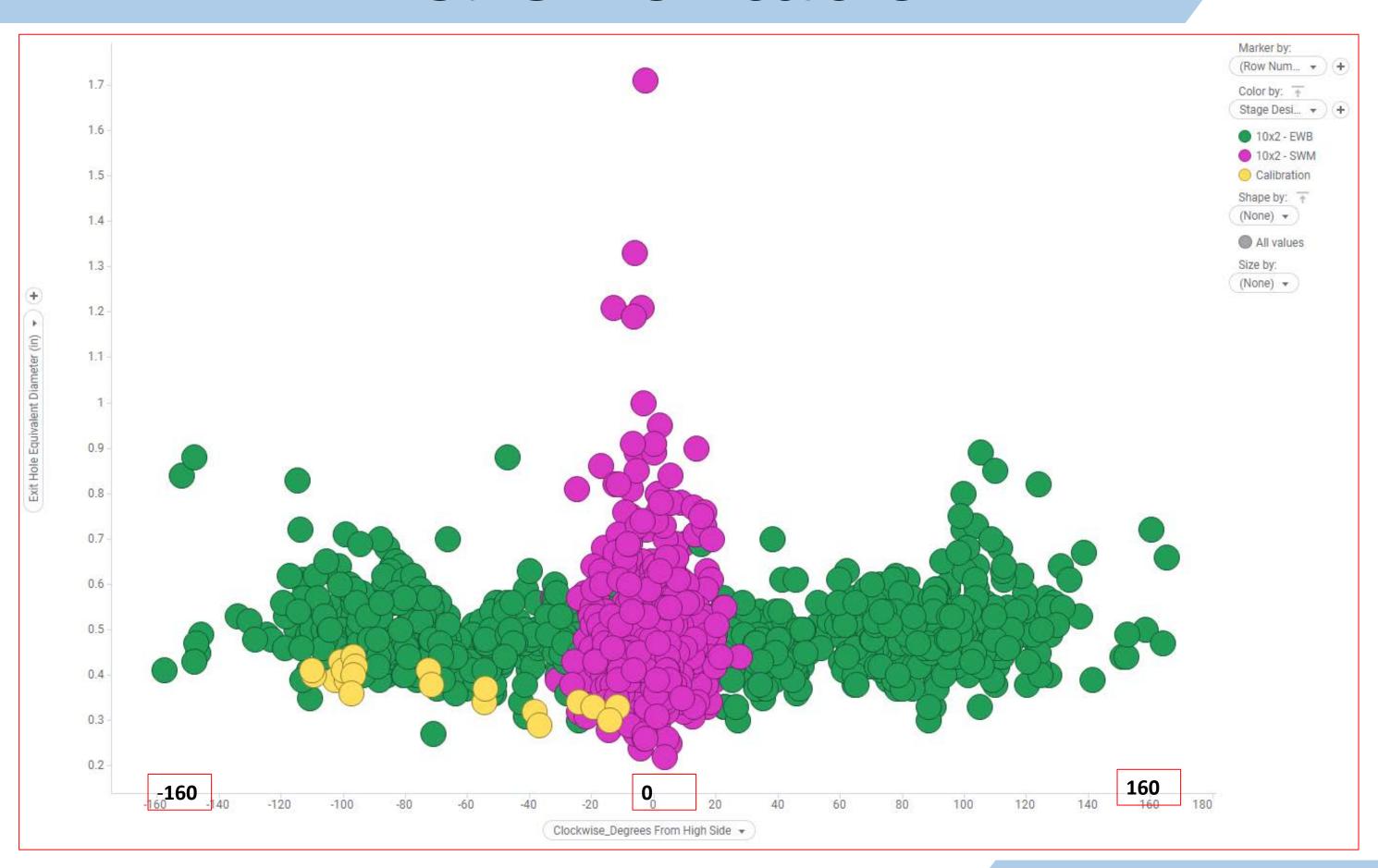
Camera Imaging downhole ~ 0.33"

10 vs. ECWB



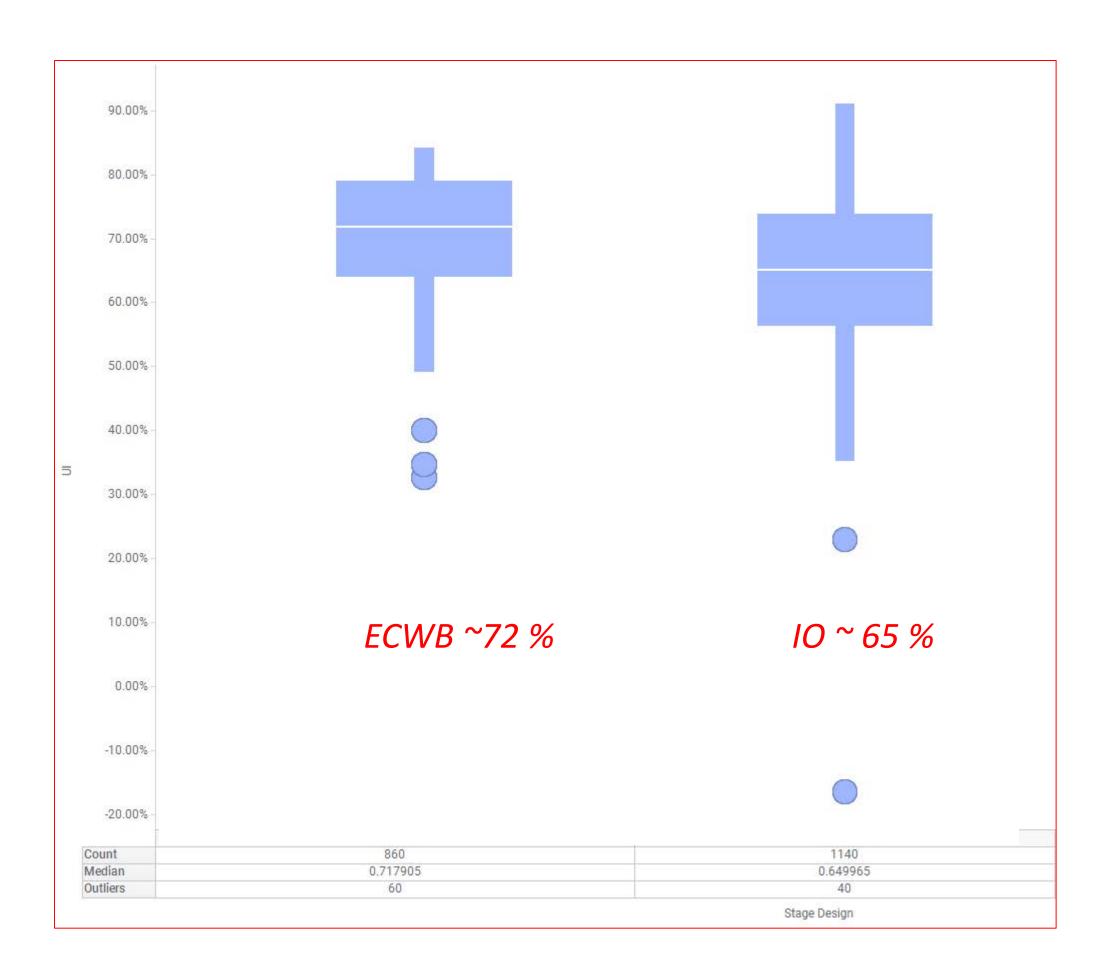
Self-orienting guns get their \$ worth

EHD vs. Orientation

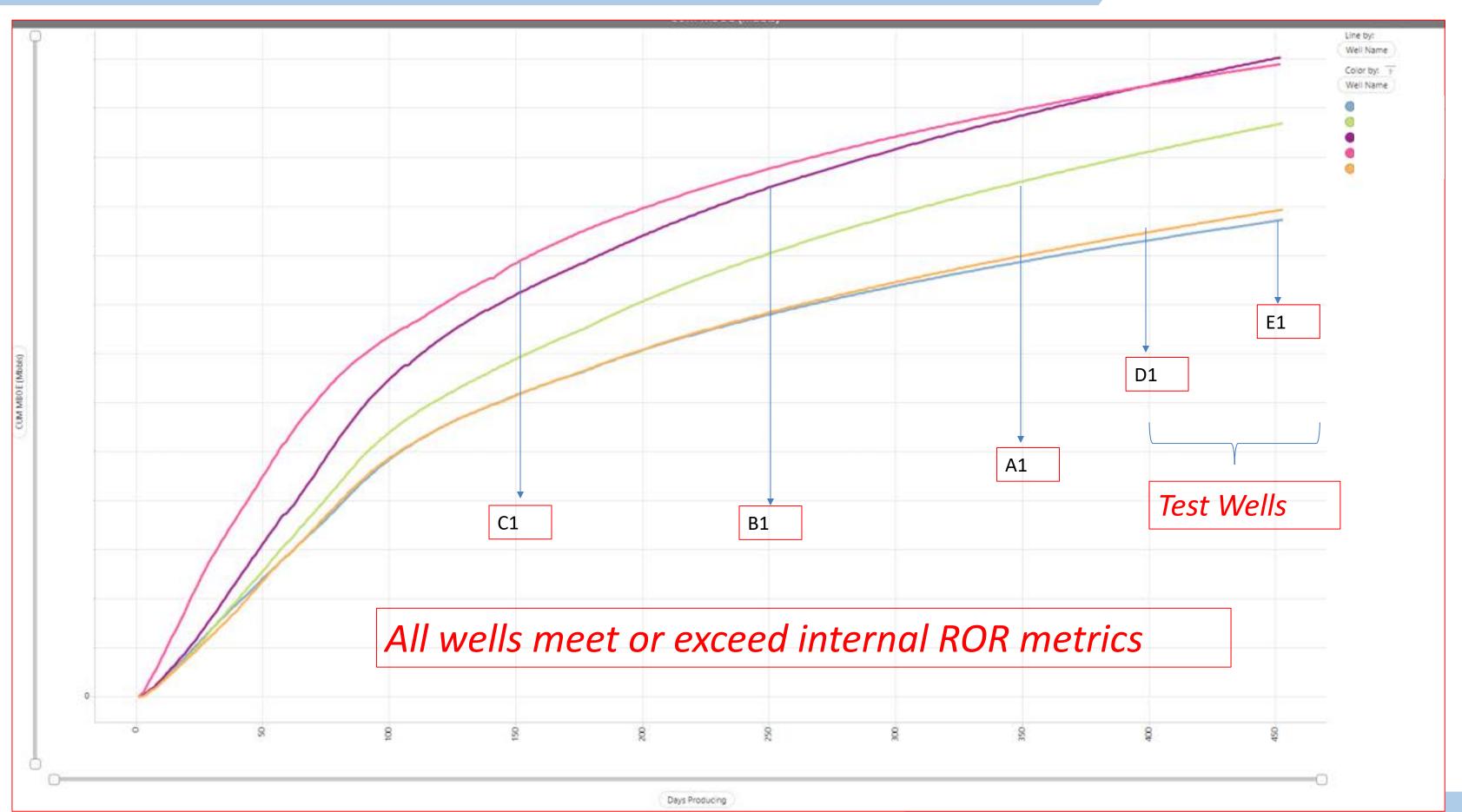


Few oddities noticed on high side run away clusters

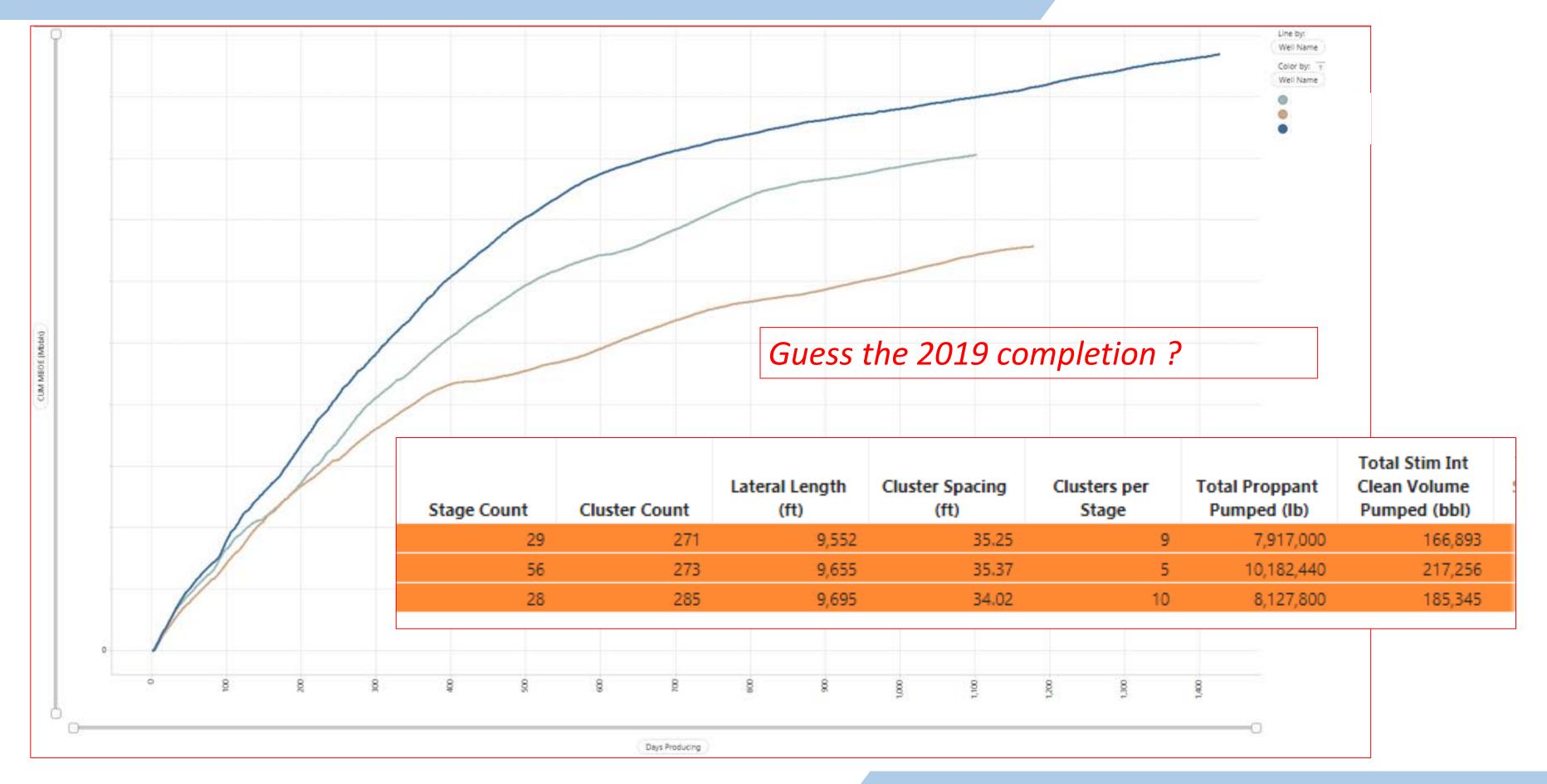
Uniformity Index (based on exit area)



Production Tales



2019 Well Review



Results

- High side orientation has shown benefits in attempting to maintain consistent entry hole size
- Does orientation matter when it comes to production analysis?
- Why pay top \$\$ when one cannot attribute production uplift solely to perforation criteria ?

QUESTIONS?



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